

COMPREHENSION CHECK

Answer these questions about “Turtle Travels.” For items 1–4, fill in the circle by the correct answer. Write your answer to item 5.

1. After it hatches, a baby sea turtle must—
 - (A) avoid being eaten
 - (B) get to the ocean
 - (C) swim for two days
 - (D) all of the above

2. How does a green sea turtle’s shell help it survive?
 - (A) It makes other animals sick if they touch it.
 - (B) It helps the turtle blend in.
 - (C) It helps the turtle sink to the bottom of the ocean.
 - (D) It scares predators away.

3. Which of these statements is not true about green sea turtles?
 - (A) They hatch in large groups.
 - (B) Their diets change as they grow.
 - (C) They spend their lives in the open ocean.
 - (D) They get their name from the color of their fat.

4. In the story, where does the green sea turtle make her nest?
 - (A) in the warm water near shore
 - (B) on the beach where she was born
 - (C) under rocks and ledges
 - (D) in a mat of *sargassum*

5. “Turtle Travels” follows one green sea turtle through the first 26 years of her life. Why does the author call her a “lucky traveler”?
